

Generic Industry Postmarket Surveillance Practice

Presentation to Workshop on Substitutability of
Generic Drugs: Perceptions and Reality

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Applicable US Post-marketing Safety Reporting Requirements

Regulation or Law

Product

21 CFR § 310.305

Prescription drugs marketed for human use without approved new drug applications

21 CFR § 314.80

Drugs with approved new drug applications (NDAs)

21 CFR § 314.98

Drugs with approved abbreviated new drug applications (ANDAs)

21 CFR § 600.80

Biologics with approved biologics license applications (BLAs)

21 CFR § 1271.350

Human Cells, Tissues, and Cellular and Tissue-Based Products (HCT/Ps)

Section 760 of the FDCA

Nonprescription human drug products marketed without an approved application



Perspective of a Global Generic

- Global approach
- Processes designed to be in Global compliance
- Presentation focused on FDA's post-marketing surveillance requirements, noting additional factors



ICSRs Case Processing

Adverse drug experiences, Special Situations (abuse, off-label use, misuse, pregnancy)

- Serious and Non-serious adverse experiences evaluated
- Case cycle closed to be in compliance with expedited reporting
- Expedited reporting done
- Mandatory electronic post-marketing safety reporting
- Periodic reports submitted as per CFR



Lack of Efficacy, Literature Search & Regulator Database

- Lack of efficacy reports and product complaints evaluated
- Global literature search conducted weekly for all drugs to inform the safety profile and to identify case reports
- Regulator Safety database monitoring



Periodic Adverse Drug Experience Reports

Timetable based on requirements

- At quarterly intervals for the first 3 years from date of approval, and then at annual intervals thereafter
- Quarterly reports submitted within 30 days of close of the quarter
- Annual reports submitted within 60 days of anniversary date of approval



REMS

As an ANDA holder, participate in the common REMS programs for approved drugs and development of REMS for drugs awaiting approval



Post-marketing Safety Studies

Participate in surveillance studies e.g.

- Anti-Retroviral Pregnancy Registry
- Anti-Epileptic Registry



Other activities(1)

- Safety Signal Management
- Active Drug Safety Committee reviewing all necessary information and agree on actions/communications to stakeholders
- PVAs/SDEAs with Business Partners for specific PV responsibilities incl.
 - Post-marketing ADRs collection/reporting
 - Ongoing reconciliation of ADE/ADR reports
 - Scientific Literature search(global/local)
 - PADERS
 - Validated Drug Safety Database



Other Activities(2)

- Integrated PV throughout product lifecycle, incorporating data from e.g. Sales & Marketing, Medical Information, Regulatory Affairs
- QA audit of entire Global PV system, incl affiliates, CROs, other 3rd parties to ensure suitable processes followed to a high standard
- Same Agency inspection process/expectations, as per Chapter 53 (Post marketing Surveillance & Epidemiology: Human Drug & Therapeutic Biological Products) FDA Compliance Program Guidance Manual



Standardized Operating Procedures

Entire PV System/Processes – Written Procedures

- Data collection, Source Data extraction, Follow-up information, 15-Day Alerts
- Case Processing up to Regulatory submission
- PADER/PSUR/PBRER
- Safety Signalling
- Drug Safety Database Management
- REMS/RMP
- PVAs & SDEAs



Conclusion

- Generic post-marketing surveillance is held to the same standard as innovator-NDA holders
- Absolutely no difference in regulatory requirements
- There is no difference in generic industry post-marketing surveillance practices



References

-21 CFR

-CIOMS V, Current Challenges in Pharmacovigilance: Pragmatic Approaches, 2001

